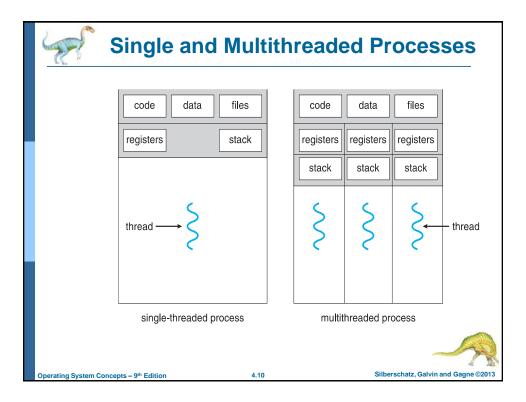
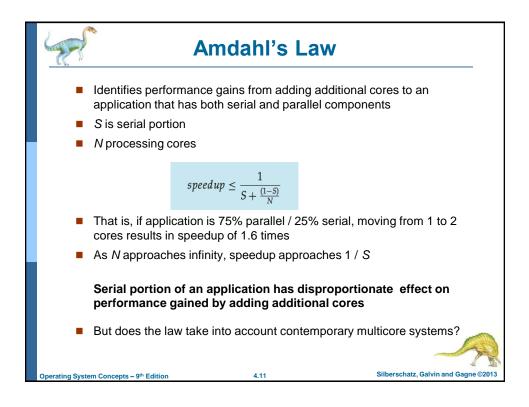
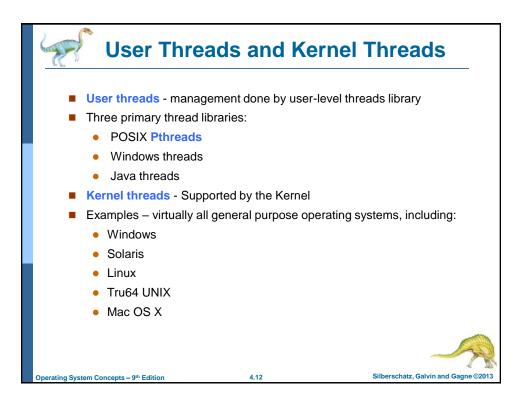
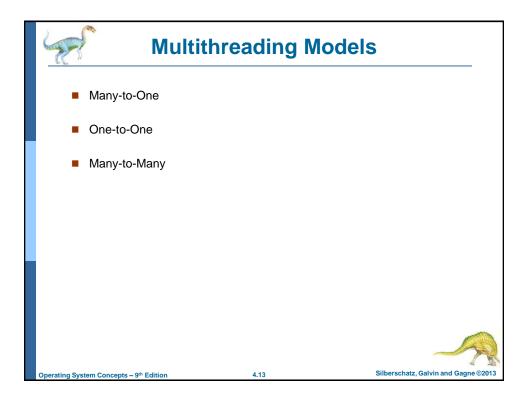


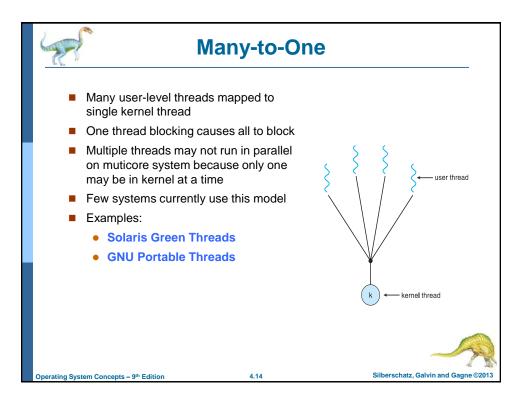
Concurrency vs. Parallelism							
Concurrent execution on single-core system:							
single core	T <sub>2</sub>	T <sub>3</sub>	T <sub>4</sub>	T <sub>1</sub>	Г2 Т	- 3 1	T <sub>4</sub> T <sub>1</sub>
				time			<b>&gt;</b>
Parallelism on a multi-core system:							
core 1	T <sub>1</sub>	T <sub>3</sub>	T <sub>1</sub>	T <sub>3</sub>	T <sub>1</sub>		
core 2	T <sub>2</sub>	T <sub>4</sub>	T <sub>2</sub>	T <sub>4</sub>	T <sub>2</sub>		
			tir	ne			1
						<b>→</b>	
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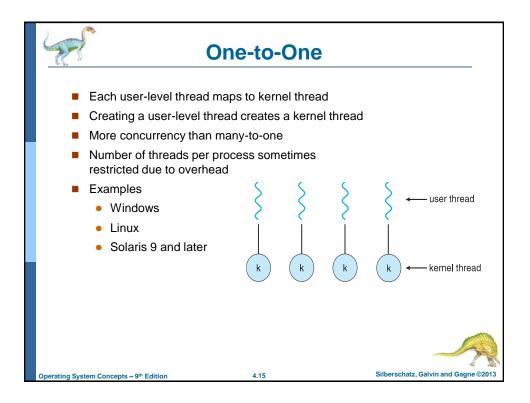


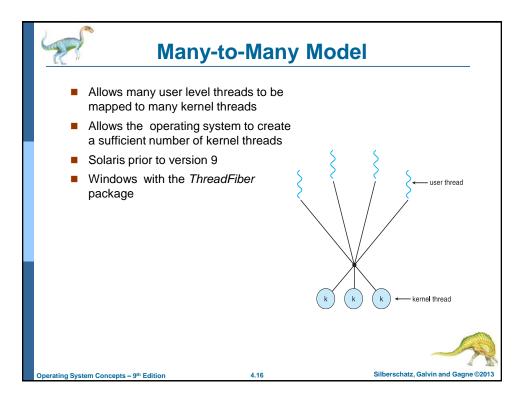


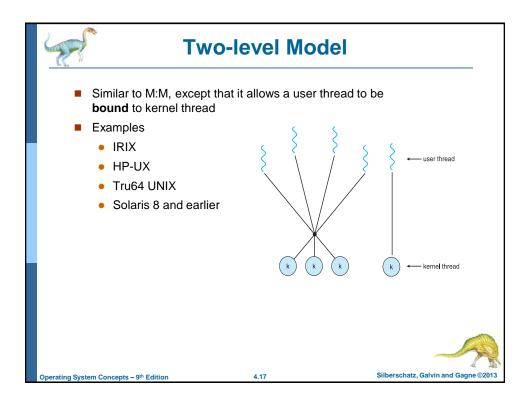


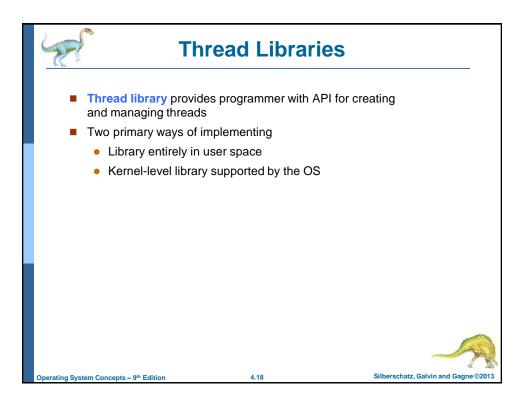


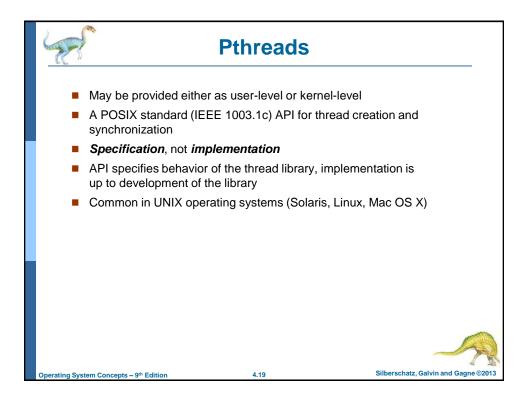


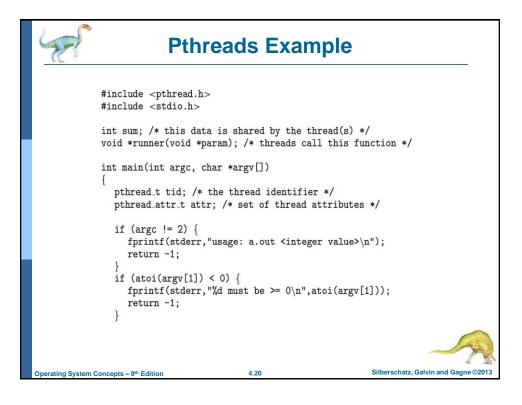


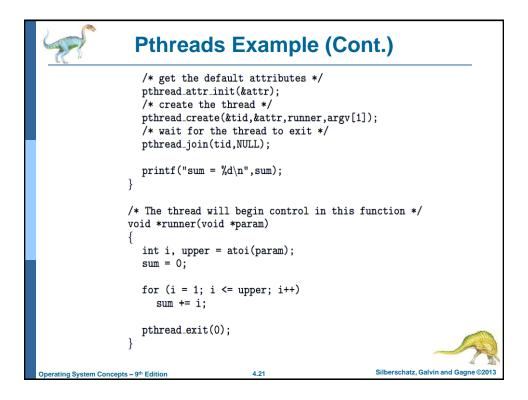


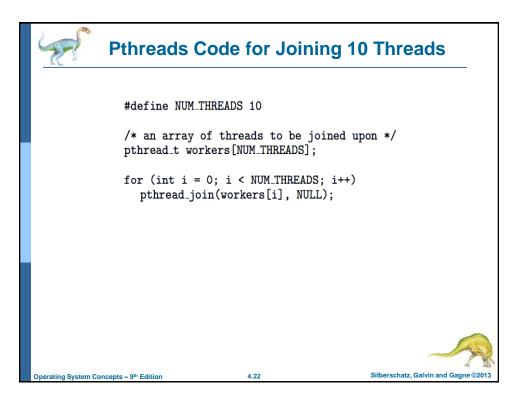


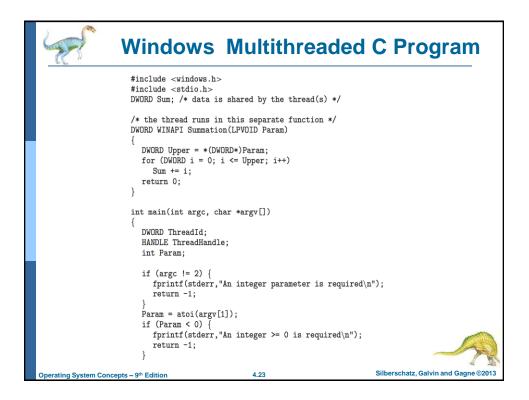








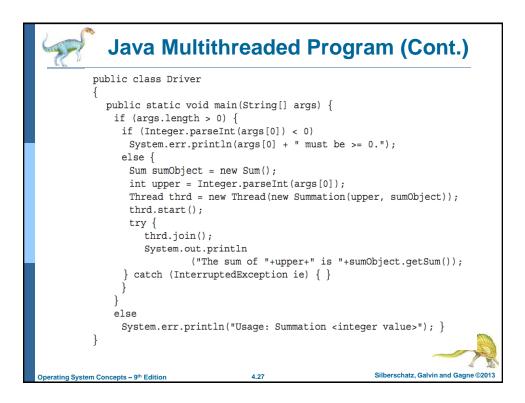


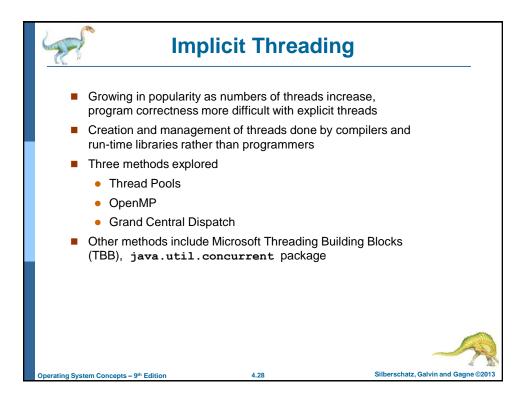


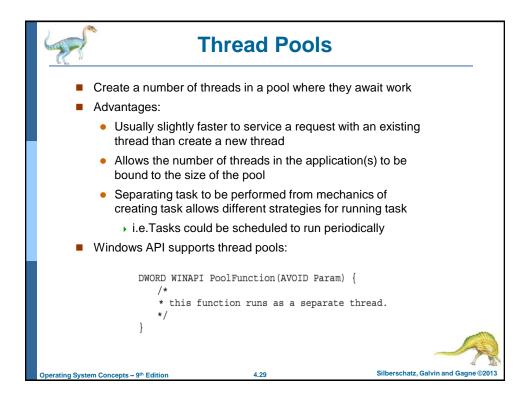
Wine Wine	dows Multithreaded C	Program (Cont.)
	<pre>/* create the thread */ ThreadHandle = CreateThread(    NULL, /* default security attr    0, /* default stack size */    Summation, /* thread function    &amp;Param, /* parameter to thread    0, /* default creation flags    &amp;ThreadId); /* returns the threadId</pre>	*/ d function */ */
	<pre>if (ThreadHandle != NULL) {     /* now wait for the thread to     WaitForSingleObject(ThreadHand</pre>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	<pre>/* close the thread handle */ CloseHandle(ThreadHandle); printf("sum = %d\n",Sum);</pre>	
}	} }	
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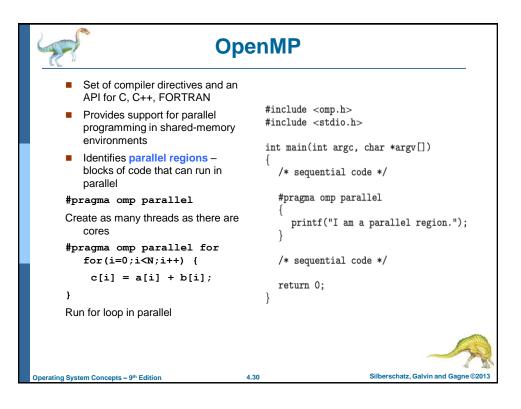
Java Threads
Java threads are managed by the JVM
<ul> <li>Typically implemented using the threads model provided by underlying OS</li> </ul>
Java threads may be created by:
<pre>public interface Runnable {     public abstract void run(); }</pre>
<ul> <li>Extending Thread class</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Implementing the Runnable interface</li> </ul>
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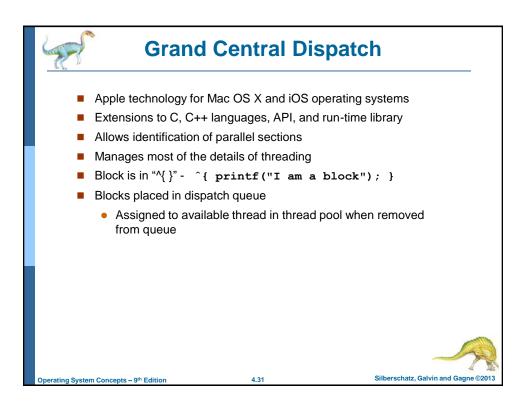
4	🐔 Java	Multithreaded Prog	ram
		<pre>class Sum {     private int sum; }</pre>	
		<pre>public int getSum() {    return sum; }</pre>	
		<pre>public void setSum(int sum) {    this.sum = sum;   } }</pre>	
		<pre>class Summation implements Runnable {     private int upper;     private Sum sumValue;</pre>	
		<pre>public Summation(int upper, Sum sumValue) {   this.upper = upper;   this.sumValue = sumValue; }</pre>	
		<pre>public void run() {     int sum = 0;     for (int i = 0; i &lt;= upper; i++)     sum += i;</pre>	
		<pre>sumValue.setSum(sum); }</pre>	
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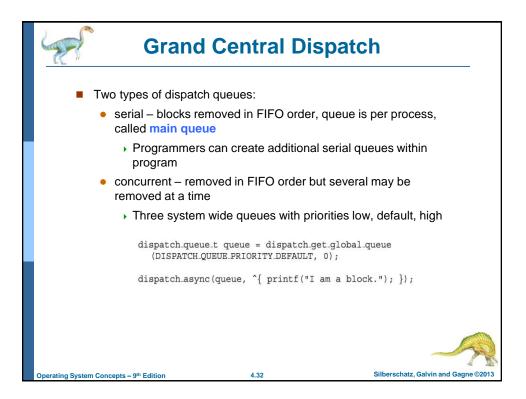


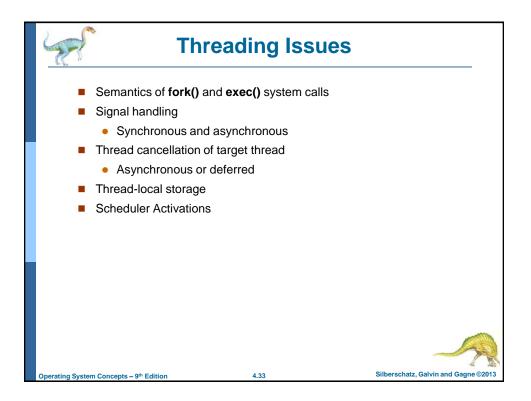


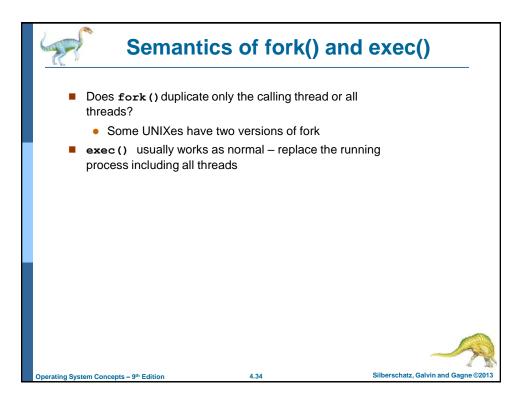


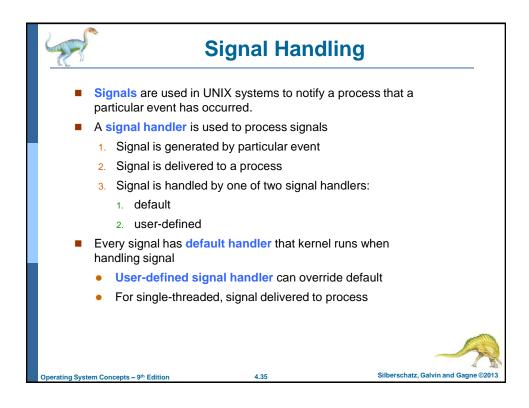


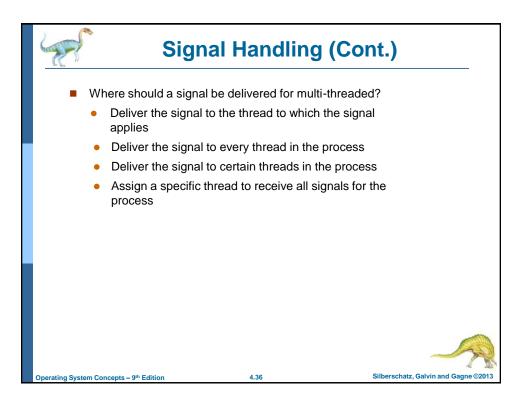


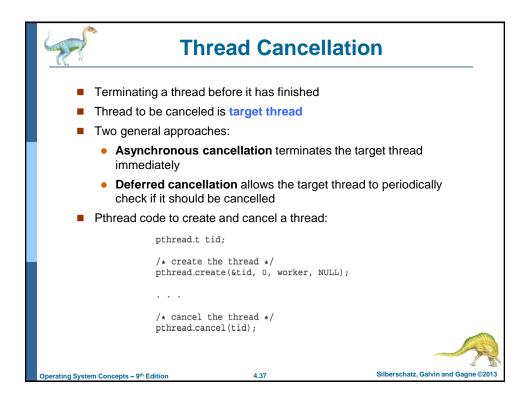












Thread Cancellation (Cont.)							
Invoking thread cancellation requests cancellation, but actual cancellation depends on thread state							
Í	Mode	State	Туре	]			
	Off	Disabled	-				
	Deferred	Enabled	Deferred				
[	Asynchronous	Enabled	Asynchronous	]			
<ul> <li>If thread has cancellation disabled, cancellation remains pending until thread enables it</li> <li>Default type is deferred</li> </ul>							
<ul> <li>Cancellation only occurs when thread reaches cancellation point</li> </ul>							
→ I.e	I.e. pthread_testcancel()						
→ Th	Then cleanup handler is invoked						
On Linux	systems, thread	cancellation is	s handled throug	h signals			
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