

Data Structures and Algorithms I Syllabus

CMP 338: Data Structures and Algorithms I. 4 hours, 4 credits. Abstract characterizations as well as the design and implementation of data structures such as arrays, stacks, queues, linked lists, binary search trees, heaps, and graphs along with algorithms that make use of such structures including algorithms for sorting, searching, and memory management, will be studied. Algorithms will be analyzed for their asymptotic behavior in terms of time complexity and space requirements will be considered as well. Implementation issues will be considered and students will write programs that embody these data structures and algorithms.

Prerequisites:

CMP 168 –There will be extensive programming in Java.

Students must already be fully capable of reading and writing object oriented Java code.

CMP 232– We will analyze the correctness and efficiency of algorithms via logical mathematical arguments and proofs.

Students must already be fully capable of understanding the logic of such when presented.

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Grading Policy

Expectations: Students are expected to learn all material covered in class, read in the textbook, and any other assigned readings or videos. Although programs are not graded, successful programming of every data structure and algorithm presented is an extremely important part of the learning experience and preparation for exams as well as employment as software engineers. Students must write readable and complete programs that execute correctly. Students should review material from prior courses as needed using old notes and textbooks.

Assignments: In addition to any explicitly assigned problems, students must implement every data structure and algorithm that is covered/discussed in class.

Exams: There will be a First Final and a Final Final exam.

Grades: The precise grading policy will be explained in class by your instructor.

Materials, Resources and Accommodating Disabilities

Textbook: Data Abstraction and Problem Solving with Java: Walls and Mirrors by Frank M. Carrano & Janet J. Prichard

Technology: Students will need to have access to personal computers with Java IDE software installed. Such computers are available for student use on campus. For students with their own computers, Java IDE Software is available free of charge on the internet.

Accommodating Disabilities: Lehman College is committed to providing access to all programs and curricula to all students. Students with disabilities who may need classroom accommodations are encouraged to register with the Office of Student Disability Services. For more information, please contact the Office of Student Disabilities, Shuster Hall, Room 238, phone number (718) 960-8441.

Course Objectives

When the course is completed students should:

- 1) Have improved object-oriented programming skills.
- 2) Have improving understanding of recursive methods.
- 3) Understand a core group of basic data structures as enumerated in topics below.
- 4) Be able to conceptualize many programming issues at a higher level through data structures.
- 5) Know the tradeoffs of each studied data structure so as to employ the appropriate one for a given situation.
- 6) Be able to incorporate data structures for efficient handling of data into their programs.
- 7) Be able to code algorithms involving data structures using an object oriented programming language.
- 8) Be able to analyze data structures and their algorithms for asymptotic behavior.
- 9) Achieve a level of maturity in the subject so that further study of data structures can be pursued independently.

Review Topics:

Recursion

Searching: Linear Search versus Binary Search

Sorting: Bubble Sort, Insertion Sort, Selection Sort, Quick Sort

Major Topics:

Abstract Data Types (ADTs)

Specification and Implementation

Asymptotic Analysis and Notation: “Big-Oh”

Sorting: Merge Sort, Heap Sort, Counting Sort, Radix Sort

Stacks

- The Stack ADT

- Application: Evaluation of Arithmetic Expressions

- Array Implementations: Fixed size and resizable.

- Linked List Implementation

- Comparisons of efficiency for Array and Linked List implementations under various scenarios

Queues

- The Queue ADT

- Array Implementations: Fixed size and resizable and their shortcomings

- Circular Array Implementation

- Linked List Implementation

Linked Lists

- A simple List ADT

- Implementing a List

- Implementation Issues

- The use of dummy nodes

Binary Search Trees

- Definitions for Binary Tree and Binary Search Tree

- Implementing Binary Trees using Linked Nodes

- Implementing a List

- Properties of Binary Trees

- Full, Balanced, Complete Binary Trees

- Additional methods for manipulating Binary Tree Data

- Using the definitions to determine correctness of Binary Tree Algorithms

- Implementing Binary Trees using Arrays

Heaps

- Definitions of Max-Heaps and Min-Heaps

- Implementing a Heap

- Using a Heap to Implement Heapsort

Graphs

- Graph ADT and Definitions

- Data Structures and Implementation issues for Graphs

- Graph Traversal: Breadth First and Depth First Traversal

- Greedy Algorithms

- Shortest Path: Dijkstra’s Algorithm

For each algorithm, verification of its correctness and analysis of its efficiency will be considered.